

LOUISVILLE JOURNAL
PRENTICE, HENDERSON, & OSBORNE,
General News, Market and Foreign.
LOVELL H. ROUSSEAU,
ELECTION SEPTEMBER 15.
TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 4, 1866.

THE NEWS.

Gold closed at 117 1/2.
Silver at 10 1/2.
New York at 10 1/2.
London at 10 1/2.
Paris at 10 1/2.
Bremen at 10 1/2.
Hamburg at 10 1/2.
Frankfurt at 10 1/2.
Berlin at 10 1/2.
Vienna at 10 1/2.
Brussels at 10 1/2.
Amsterdam at 10 1/2.
Antwerp at 10 1/2.
Lyon at 10 1/2.
Marseilles at 10 1/2.
Nantes at 10 1/2.
Bordeaux at 10 1/2.
Toulouse at 10 1/2.
Narbonne at 10 1/2.
Perpignan at 10 1/2.
Carcassonne at 10 1/2.
Montpellier at 10 1/2.
Nîmes at 10 1/2.
Arles at 10 1/2.
Avignon at 10 1/2.
Orange at 10 1/2.
Valence at 10 1/2.
Mâcon at 10 1/2.
Chalon-sur-Saône at 10 1/2.
Dijon at 10 1/2.
Yverdon at 10 1/2.
Neuchâtel at 10 1/2.
Geneva at 10 1/2.
Basle at 10 1/2.
Zurich at 10 1/2.
Bern at 10 1/2.
Lucerne at 10 1/2.
Schaffhausen at 10 1/2.
St. Gallen at 10 1/2.
Appenzel A. O. at 10 1/2.
Appenzel E. O. at 10 1/2.
Valais at 10 1/2.
Fribourg at 10 1/2.
Basle-St. Leon at 10 1/2.
Solothurn at 10 1/2.
Thurgau at 10 1/2.
Tessin at 10 1/2.
Gruyère at 10 1/2.
Uri at 10 1/2.
Schwyz at 10 1/2.
Unterwalden A. O. at 10 1/2.
Unterwalden E. O. at 10 1/2.
Obwalden at 10 1/2.
Nidwalden at 10 1/2.
Zug at 10 1/2.
Glarus at 10 1/2.
Aargau at 10 1/2.
Soleure at 10 1/2.
Basle-Camille at 10 1/2.
Basle-Landschaft at 10 1/2.
Sarganserland at 10 1/2.
Appenzel A. O. at 10 1/2.
Appenzel E. O. at 10 1/2.
Valais at 10 1/2.
Fribourg at 10 1/2.
Basle-St. Leon at 10 1/2.
Solothurn at 10 1/2.
Thurgau at 10 1/2.
Tessin at 10 1/2.
Gruyère at 10 1/2.
Uri at 10 1/2.
Schwyz at 10 1/2.
Unterwalden A. O. at 10 1/2.
Unterwalden E. O. at 10 1/2.
Obwalden at 10 1/2.
Nidwalden at 10 1/2.
Zug at 10 1/2.
Glarus at 10 1/2.
Aargau at 10 1/2.
Soleure at 10 1/2.
Basle-Camille at 10 1/2.
Basle-Landschaft at 10 1/2.
Sarganserland at 10 1/2.

THE REPUBLICAN PARTY
The following correspondence is published from the Republican Party and Congress in the New York Evening Post, one of the first and most influential Republican papers of the country.
What must be the short-comings of the leaders of a Party, who are the extreme opponents of the President, and who are talking about improving him at the next election, when the fall elections go in their favor, when these short-comings extend to the chief organs of the Party, and that do as much, perhaps, to place it in power as any journal in the country? The article is abundantly suggestive, and will be perused, we feel sure, with eager interest.
The subject discussed is of especial and no importance to the Great West, which purchases immense quantities of manufactured goods of every description, and is now obliged to pay enormous prices for them. The tariff imposed upon many kinds of goods is so outrageously high as to be almost prohibitory, thus damaging the national treasury and consumers, who constitute the entire mass of the people, still more. In London laid upon the people by the late Congress in the shape of indirect taxes have a palliation or excuse in the plea of providing revenue, for a tariff almost prohibitory diminishes interest of increasing the national revenues, and the sole motive which induced Congress to create it was to benefit the interests of a class to the injury of the rest of the Nation. Legislators, their relatives, and friends belong to the class legislation, favoring the interests of the rich for at the expense of the toiling mass. But oppressive as the indirect taxes imposed by Congress upon the country are, hard as they bear upon all consumers, and more especially upon the poor who are ill able to sustain the load, they are not as oppressive as the duties levied upon the importation of foreign goods. West they are as nothing in comparison with the intolerable burdens inflicted upon every man who exports anything in the shape of direct taxation, the internal revenue tax. This is the most outrageous of all. After paying State and municipal taxes and the indirect taxation upon everything one consumes, the citizen is forced to pay a direct tax upon his income, and at a rate which, in many cases, exceeds that which his money will bring him if put out at interest! The lowest rate of government direct taxation is five per cent.
If the leaders of the extreme Party had been as anxious to relieve the people of a portion of the exactions that oppress them as they were to oppress their party interests, as they were to keep the country excited and divided, as they were to keep the Southern States from being represented by legal men, they could have had removed at least fifty per cent of those tyrannical exactions. Without any detriment to the ability of the Government to discharge all its obligations and keep sacredly its pledged faith, they might have reduced the direct and indirect taxation, not grinding down the people fifty per cent, and in many cases more than that. They might have removed the internal revenue tax altogether, and by lowering the rate of import duties upon many articles, they could have increased the custom-house receipts through the operation of a well-known law of trade, the increase in the amount of imported goods and articles. The tariff upon goods that were compensating for the rate, just as a merchant who sells goods at a small profit, and therefore upon advantageous terms to the buyer, finds at the end of the year his net income much greater, through his increased sales, than it would have been had he charged a greater price. This is the principle which should be applied to the tariff. The tariff should be lowered, not to increase the revenue, but to increase the sales of the articles at their market value in the place where they are consumed. We could create and export the means of payment ten times over, with our cheap lands, if we could have our means and implements at their proper cost. The country could pay its debt in a few years, and grow rich all the while. It is not the tariff, but the tariff as it is now levied, that is the cause of our poverty. But they will never let us free while the Republican politicians hold power, for these are desperately determined, as they openly declare, to consume their iniquitous and ruinous policy, and they have resolved to keep the States until they are free.

THE REPUBLICAN PARTY

THE REPUBLICAN PARTY

THE REPUBLICAN PARTY

THE REPUBLICAN PARTY

THE REPUBLICAN PARTY

THE REPUBLICAN PARTY

THE REPUBLICAN PARTY

THE REPUBLICAN PARTY

THE REPUBLICAN PARTY

THE REPUBLICAN PARTY

THE REPUBLICAN PARTY

THE REPUBLICAN PARTY

THE REPUBLICAN PARTY

THE REPUBLICAN PARTY

THE REPUBLICAN PARTY

THE REPUBLICAN PARTY

THE REPUBLICAN PARTY

THE REPUBLICAN PARTY

THE REPUBLICAN PARTY

THE REPUBLICAN PARTY

THE REPUBLICAN PARTY

THE REPUBLICAN PARTY

THE REPUBLICAN PARTY

THE REPUBLICAN PARTY

THE REPUBLICAN PARTY

THE REPUBLICAN PARTY

THE REPUBLICAN PARTY

THE REPUBLICAN PARTY

THE REPUBLICAN PARTY

THE REPUBLICAN PARTY

THE REPUBLICAN PARTY

THE REPUBLICAN PARTY

THE REPUBLICAN PARTY

THE REPUBLICAN PARTY

THE REPUBLICAN PARTY

THE REPUBLICAN PARTY

THE REPUBLICAN PARTY

THE REPUBLICAN PARTY

THE REPUBLICAN PARTY

THE REPUBLICAN PARTY

THE REPUBLICAN PARTY

THE REPUBLICAN PARTY

THE REPUBLICAN PARTY

THE REPUBLICAN PARTY

THE REPUBLICAN PARTY

THE REPUBLICAN PARTY

THE REPUBLICAN PARTY

THE REPUBLICAN PARTY

THE REPUBLICAN PARTY

THE REPUBLICAN PARTY

THE REPUBLICAN PARTY

THE REPUBLICAN PARTY

THE REPUBLICAN PARTY

THE REPUBLICAN PARTY

THE REPUBLICAN PARTY

THE REPUBLICAN PARTY

THE REPUBLICAN PARTY

THE REPUBLICAN PARTY

THE REPUBLICAN PARTY

THE REPUBLICAN PARTY

THE REPUBLICAN PARTY

THE REPUBLICAN PARTY

THE REPUBLICAN PARTY

THE REPUBLICAN PARTY

THE REPUBLICAN PARTY

THE REPUBLICAN PARTY

THE REPUBLICAN PARTY

THE REPUBLICAN PARTY

THE REPUBLICAN PARTY

THE REPUBLICAN PARTY

THE REPUBLICAN PARTY

THE REPUBLICAN PARTY

THE REPUBLICAN PARTY

THE REPUBLICAN PARTY

THE REPUBLICAN PARTY

THE REPUBLICAN PARTY

THE REPUBLICAN PARTY

THE REPUBLICAN PARTY

THE REPUBLICAN PARTY

THE REPUBLICAN PARTY

THE REPUBLICAN PARTY

THE REPUBLICAN PARTY

THE REPUBLICAN PARTY

THE REPUBLICAN PARTY

THE REPUBLICAN PARTY

THE REPUBLICAN PARTY

THE REPUBLICAN PARTY

THE REPUBLICAN PARTY

THE REPUBLICAN PARTY

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL
Has Arrived in
LOUISVILLE.
From New York City,
AUTHOR OF
"A Popular Treatise on Deafness,"
"Nephrotherapy, the New System
for the Treatment of Diseases
of the Throat and Respiratory
Organs," &c., &c.,

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL
Has Arrived in
LOUISVILLE.
From New York City,
AUTHOR OF
"A Popular Treatise on Deafness,"
"Nephrotherapy, the New System
for the Treatment of Diseases
of the Throat and Respiratory
Organs," &c., &c.,

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

DR. E. BUNFORD LIGHTHILL

